

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{1-x} &= \sum_{k=0}^n x^k + o_0(x^n) \\ &= 1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^n + o_0(x^n)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\ln(1+x) &= \sum_{k=1}^n (-1)^{k+1} \frac{x^k}{k} + o_0(x^n) \\ &= x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^n}{n} + o_0(x^n)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(1+x)^\alpha &= 1 + \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \prod_{i=0}^{k-1} (\alpha - i) \right) \frac{x^k}{k!} + o_0(x^n) \\ &= 1 + \alpha x + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)}{2} x^2 + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)}{6} x^3 + \dots + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)\dots(\alpha-n+1)}{n!} x^n + o_0(x^n)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}e^x &= \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{x^k}{k!} + o_0(x^n) \\ &= 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + o_0(x^n)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(x) &= \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!} + o_0(x^{2n+1}) \\ &= 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + o_0(x^{2n+1})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(x) &= \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + o_0(x^{2n+2}) \\ &= x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + o_0(x^{2n+2})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\operatorname{ch}(x) &= \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!} + o_0(x^{2n+1}) \\ &= 1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + o_0(x^{2n+1})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\operatorname{sh}(x) &= \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + o_0(x^{2n+2}) \\ &= x + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + o_0(x^{2n+2})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\arctan(x) &= \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k+1}}{2k+1} + o_0(x^{2n+2}) \\ &= x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + o_0(x^{2n+2})\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(x) = x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o_0(x^3)$$